

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XVIII, NO. 38.

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1927.

\$2.00 PER ANNUM

PUBLIC NOTICE

As a precaution against the spread of INFANTILE PARALYSIS, no dance or whist party will be permitted within the Town of Blairmore until further notice.

Also, children under 18 years will not be permitted to attend theatres until further notice.

The Board also orders that all public meeting places, which includes lodge halls, be sprayed regularly with disinfectant.

By order of the

BLAIRMORE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Dated at Blairmore, Alberta,
this 21st day of September, 1927.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH (ANGLICAN)

Service Sunday, September 25—

Litany and Holy Communion at 11

a.m. Sunday school at 10 a.m.

Sunday, October 2—Harvest Festival 7 p.m.

Saturday, October 8—Ladies of the

Church will hold a Tea and Pantry

Sale in the Elks' Hall from 3 to 6

p.m.—A. D. CURRIE, Incumbent.

Donald McPherson of Macleod, a

war veteran, was instantly killed

when a truck he was driving turned

turtle at a point ten miles west of

Macleod on the Red Trail on Monday

evening.

COWLEY SCHOOL FAIR

IS POSTPONED

Owing to the presence near Cowley

of a case of Infantile Paralysis, the

committee in charge of Cowley's an-

nuual school fair has decided to post-

pone the fair indefinitely.

The fair was to have been held to-

orrow.

The Consolidated Mining & Smelt-

ing Company, of Kimberley and

Trail, have decided to enter the min-

ing industry in Newfoundland, their

first investment being in the Red In-

dian Lake property in the Buchanan

district.

SLACK TIMES DEMAND

Economical Buying

CHECK OUR PRICES

Campbell's Tomato Soup, 2 tins	25c
Brunswick Sardines, in oil, 4 tins	25c
King Oscar Sardines, 2 tins	50c
4-lb Pkg. Market Day Seedless Raisins	60c
Aunt Jemima Pancake Flour, small size	20c
Aunt Jemima Pancake Flour, 4-lb pkts	60c

SAVE 15c

1 pkt Lux Soap Flakes, 1 cake Sunlight Soap, 1 pkt
Rinso, 1 cake Lifebuoy and 1 cake Lux Toilet Soap,
In a Sampler Package, Regular value 45c

Special Value 30c

Sunlight Soap, in 4 bar cartons, 2 Cartons for 45c

Mrs. Haine's Orange Marmalade

in 4-lb tins, a very fine article, per tin 75c

DADDY'S COFFEE

1 Pound of Real Good Coffee, put up in a quart Kerr
Wide Mouth Fruit Jar. The value of the jar is 15c.

Daddy's Coffee per 1-lb Jar 65c

Fresh Celery, 2 lbs| | |
| --- | --- |
| Grape Fruit, each | 10c |

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables in Season

MEN HEED THE GOOD NEWS

FREE-absolutely-FREE

One Genuine Gillette Safety Razor, in case, with
every purchase of a Suit of Stanfield's, Hatchway
or Watson's Underwear, or a Flannel Shirt. Buy
it now—Buy it here, and take away one of these
popular razors

When buying that Suit or Overcoat, Sport Mack-
inaw or Leather Vest, be sure and look
over our values

Make This Your Headquarters for Your Fall Buying

Our stock is complete, and our prices are right. We
have a new shipment of Ladies' and Children's
Hats and Coats

Special values in Ladies' and Children's Hosiery
and Gloves

F.M. THOMPSON Co.

Main Store Phone 25 —BLAIRMORE— Greenhill Store Phone 28.

STEPS TAKEN LOCALLY TO PREVENT SPREAD OF INFANTILE PARALYSIS

A joint meeting of the town council and school board was held in the council chamber on Sunday night, to consider steps to take with a view to preventing the infection and spread of the infantile paralysis epidemic in this district.

There were present the following: Mayor J. H. Farmer, Councillors W. A. Beebe, M. Hamilton, M. Sartoris, Evan Morgan and W. McVey; school board members W. H. Chappell, E. W. H. Pinkney, J. Angus McDonald and Secretary Naylor; Principal McPherson and Vice-Principal Muncester, of the public school; W. J. Bartlett, Sergt. Duncan, A.P.P., Chief Spence and Dr. Olivier.

The meeting was opened with Mayor Farmer in the chair and Mr. A. J. Kelly acting as secretary.

Mr. Farmer explained that the meeting had been called on account of infantile Paralysis having appeared in the district, within twenty-five miles of the town, and suggested that a board of health should immediately be appointed and that all steps necessary towards prevention of the spread of the dreaded disease into our locality be taken.

The board of health was appointed as follows: J. E. Gillis, F. M. Thompson, W. J. Bartlett, with Dr. Olivier and Mayor Farmer as ex-officio members.

As to the powers of the board of health, the meeting was advised by the secretary that these were practically unlimited.

Dr. Olivier stated that so far there has been no sign or symptoms of the disease in town and that the nearest case he knew of was that in the Doukhobor community at Cowley, which was serious. He stated that every precaution was being taken in connection with this case, which, fortunately, is very isolated, being some two to three miles from the main trail or the Cowley village, that all the people of that section of the community, numbering seventeen, had been placed under strict quarantine and observation. This was substantiated by Sergt. Duncan, of the A.P.P., who had visited the place and given the necessary warning.

Mr. E. Muncester questioned as to whether any steps should be taken towards closing theatres, or preventing children up to a certain age from attending same, since there is a prevalence of whooping cough locally, to which Dr. Olivier answered that shows were a bad place for dissemination of disease, and that such matters could be dealt with by the board of health.

Mr. Chappell stated that Coleman would be willing to co-operate in any organized effort to help stamp out the epidemic.

Sergt. Duncan suggested that an effort be made to secure a provincial medical health officer for the unorganized portions of the district.

Dr. Olivier briefly described the symptoms of the disease, and answered various questions. He suggested that the principal of the school immediately notify the doctor of any children sent home on account of sickness. He also advised an increase of disinfectant in sweeping compound used in the schools and that children be taught to spray nose and mouth regularly with a salt and water gargle.

The meeting decided that any new families moving to town should be examined by the Medical Health Officer.

A bulletin from the Provincial Department of Health, outlining symptoms of the disease and methods to be adopted towards prevention, treatment, etc., was read by the secretary. The meeting adjourned.

The Sangster family were visitors to Michel and Fernie on Sunday last.

MEDICAL HEALTH OFFICER APPOINTED FOR DISTRICT'S UNORGANIZED TERRITORY

In response to two messages sent Tuesday afternoon to the Provincial Department of Public Health, urging upon the department the necessity of appointing a medical health officer or supervisor over the many sections of unorganized territory throughout this district, which would include Crow's Nest, Sentinel, Bush Towns of Coleman, Hillcrest and Bellevue, Maple Leaf and Passburg; Dr. J. Olivier received a wire on Wednesday afternoon, advising of his appointment as such over the unorganized territory between Crow's Nest and Passburg, known as Municipal District No. 71. Dr. Olivier has also been appointed to perform similar duties throughout Municipal District No. 70, which extends east as far as Brockton.

BOARD OF HEALTH MEETS

The first meeting of the newly appointed Board of Health was held in the council chamber on Monday at 1:30 a.m. Mr. J. E. Gillis was elected chairman. There were present Messrs. J. H. Farmer, W. J. Bartlett, F. M. Thompson and Dr. Olivier, members; also Sergt. Duncan and P. M. Christophers, M.L.A.

Acting upon the advice of the Medical Health Officer, the board decided to place a ban on public dances for an indefinite period; also to prohibit children under the age of eighteen years from attending theatres.

We understand that similar action to the above has been taken at all points in the district, except Coleman, but Coleman is expected to fall in line today following a meeting of the Coleman Board of Health this afternoon.

An effort is being made to secure pamphlets, such as are being distributed by the Red Cross and various insurance companies, sufficient to cover the district. These pamphlets contain information regarding infantile paralysis along similar lines to articles found elsewhere in this issue of The Enterprise.

Up to the present there is no sign of the disease in Blairmore.

L.O.O.F. GRAND MASTER VISITS

Dr. V. V. Christie, of Cardston, grand master of the Alberta Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Oddfellows, paid an official visit to Blairmore Lodge on Tuesday night, when there was a good attendance from Coleman, Bellevue and Cowley. Following an interesting meeting the Rebekahs appeared on the scene with the usual supply of cats, etc.

Grand Master Christie had hoped during his term of office to visit all lodges in his jurisdiction, but owing to bad weather and consequent bad roads that have prevailed all summer, his plans have been very much upset.

INTER-SCHOOL ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION REORGANIZED

At a well attended meeting held at the Greenhill hotel on Saturday afternoon last, the Crow's Nest Pass Inter-School Athletic Association was reorganized, with Mr. J. H. McLean, principal of the Bellevue school, as president.

Wednesday, October 12th, was the date set for the forthcoming annual inter-school track and field meet, which will be held at Bellevue.

PETER-SOHY

A quiet wedding was solemnized at Knox mame on Wednesday afternoon, September 14th, when Gabriell Sohy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. Sohy, of Bellevue, became the bride of William Peter, of Coalhurst. Rev. T. T. Falchney, M.A., B.D., performed the marriage ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Peter will reside in Coalhurst—Lethbridge Herald.

LOCAL BOY WINS GOLD WATCH

Jack Kerr, son of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Kerr, local distributor of Maclean's Magazine, received a surprise last week in the shape of a beautifully engraved gold watch in recognition of his great success as a salesman. Jack headed his district and deserves great credit for his enterprise.

GRAHAM-LETT'S

A quiet wedding took place at the home of Dr. and Mrs. W. T. Rush, Edmonton, on Wednesday, September 14th, of John H. Graham, third son of Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Graham, of Coleman, and Miss Violet E. Letts, R.N., of Lament, Alberta. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. Hollingsworth, of the United church.

LIVINGSTONE LODGE NO. 22, K.P.

We are asked to announce that the regular convention of the lodge to have been held Friday, September 22nd, has been postponed to Friday the 30th.

On tomorrow (Friday) night, a special meeting of Greenhill Temple No. 10, Pythian Sisters, will be held, at which the grand chief of the Alberta jurisdiction will pay an official visit.

A successful whist drive was staged in the Lodge Hall last night under the auspices of Greenhill Temple, Pythian Sisters. Twenty-four hands of whist were played, with sixteen tables at play. The prize winners were: Ladies' first, Mrs. D. C. Drain; second, Mrs. B. Sennier; consolation, Miss G. Oliver. Gents' first, Capt. W. A. Beebe; second, David Martin; consolation, B. Sennier. Acting on the request of the medical health officer and board of health, the customary dance following was dispensed with. Supper was served and following the presentation of prizes, the gathering dispersed. This will be the last whist drive for the present, until the ban is lifted.

Miss C. C. Hodge has taken up the position of dietitian at the Bellevue hospital. She is a graduate of Glasgow, Scotland, and held the position of dietitian at the Infants' Hospital, Halifax, Nova Scotia, for four years, as well as teaching domestic science in the evening school attached to the technical college.

Dr. and Mrs. R. F. Borden, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McLeod and Mrs. McLeod, senior, were dinner guests at Dr. Reinhorn's at Bellevue on Wednesday evening.

Engagement and wedding rings of value and distinction



The two nuptial rings you give her can never be replaced. Their purchase is among the most important in life, and should by all means be made at a well-known, thoroughly reputable house. Our rings are of recognized value, fashioned in all the newer settings. And our standing in this community, together with membership in the Gruen Watch Makers Guild, assures your satisfaction.

S. TRONO

Watchmaker and Jeweler

Blairmore Alberta

FALL OVERCOATS

You Will Need One

GET IT NOW

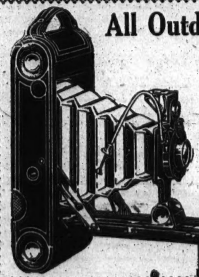
All New and Up-to-date Fabrics and Styles

Not a Last Season's Coat in Stock

John A. Kerr
MEN'S FURNISHINGS

All Outdoors Invites

Your Kodak



CAMERAS in a big array of styles and in a wide range of prices, await your selection at our store. Come in and pick out the one you want. Kodaks are \$6.75 up. Brownies are \$2.95 up.

KODAK FILM
The dependable kind in the yellow box—all sizes. Get it at our Kodak Counter.

The Blairmore Pharmacy

For a Delightful Treat
WRIGLEY'S NIPS
Delicious after smoking—
sweetens the breath,
soothes the throat and
makes the next smoke
take better.



After Every Meal

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The honey harvest of Southern Alberta is expected to run to 300 tons, worth about \$100,000.

A remarkable and increasing demand for Canadian food products in Great Britain is reported by Major G. R. Johnson, Canadian Government trade commissioner for Glasgow.

Canada's net debt decreased by \$63,789,157 during the first five months of the present fiscal year which opened on April 1, according to the monthly financial statement issued by the Department of Finance.

A total of 543 commercial vessels passed through the Panama Canal during the month of August, this being a new record. The previous record was 509 transits, made in July, 1927.

All the inhabitants of Turkey, including foreigners, are to be confined to their homes for all time on October 25, according to official regulations issued at Constantinople, fixing that date for the national census.

The beam wireless service to India has been opened to public traffic. The Government program of 1923 for linking up the British Empire by wireless is now complete, beam communication to Canada, Australia and South Africa being already in operation.

It is reported that Japanese divers at Sebastopol, Crimea, who were searching for a half-million sterling in gold \$2,000,000 about the British cruiser Black Prince, have discovered the first gold coin. The coin bears the inscription of George III. and the date 1821.

It is expected that within six weeks it will be known whether or not all commercial quantities of to be added to Northern Ontario's inventory of wealth, for by that time tests which the provincial Government has been conducting in the Mattagami Valley will be completed and a report upon them made.

How Hospitals Care For Patients

Eight thousand hospitals in the United States and Canada take care of 12,000,000 patients or about \$25,000 a day. It is estimated five billion dollars are invested in the hospital property and in the opinion of Dr. E. S. Gilmore, head of the American Hospital Association, it now is disfigured or criminal to die under 75 years of age. Unfortunately many persons seem more or less reluctantly obliged to in spite of what hospitals can do for them.

Rub It In For Lame Back.—A brisk rubbing with Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil will relieve lame back. The skin will immediately absorb the oil and it will penetrate the tissues and bring speedy relief. Try it and be convinced. As the liniment sinks in, the pain comes out and there are ample grounds for saying that it is an excellent antiseptic.

Planes Replacing Dogs

With aeroplanes coming into use all over Alaska for freight transportation, dogs are being used less and less on the trails. Consequently, there is an over-supply and hundreds of huskies, abandoned, have reverted to the wild state and are becoming the most dangerous kind of marauders.

BURNS

Minard's soothing and reduces the inflammation. Keep it on hand for sprains, bruises and flesh wounds.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

W. N. U. 1666

Air Base in Near East

Britain Planning 'One At Malta To Protect Suez Canal'

The British air ministry is said to be planning development of a great air base at Malta which will dominate the Eastern Mediterranean and will protect Egypt and the Suez Canal against attack.

This also is regarded as a precaution in view of Premier Mussolini's plan of developing a great military and naval base at Rhodes. It is also believed that the Nizam of Hyderabad, who is one of the greatest semi-independent native princes, is planning to establish an air service in his dominion and is sending a number of young men of the leading families to be trained for air work in England. While of course, the service will be paid for out of the revenues of the Nizam, it will be coordinated with the imperial service in India.

France Raises Tariff On Canadian Wheat

Notice Of Increase Has Been Received At Ottawa

France has increased the tariff on Canadian wheat from 20 cents to 27 cents, approximately, per bushel, according to official advices received from the Canadian Trade Commissioner in Paris. The higher rate comes into effect immediately.

While Canada's export of wheat to France has fluctuated from year to year, the present change on the basis of last year's export of 4,155,567 bushels will mean an increase in the total French duty collected on Canadian wheat of nearly \$250,000.

Canada, under the 1922 treaty between the two countries, enjoys a minimum tariff and most favored nations' treatment on exports to France and the increase now put into effect is due to the raising of the minimum tariff rate to all countries by France.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union
Fashion



A Chic One-Piece Frock
Unusually smart is this modish one-piece frock of slendering lines. Contrasting material may be effectively used for the front panel, vestee, shield, long collar, and facings on the narrow belt fastens with a buckle. No. 1644 is in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust. Size 38 requires 2 1/2 yards 38-inch, 2 1/2 yards 54-inch material for the dress, 2 1/2 yards 38-inch for collar, vestee, shield, panel and sleeve facings. Price 20 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

A Chic One-Piece Frock

1644

A Chic One-Piece Frock

A Chic One-Piece Frock

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If sometimes the tea you are using does not taste as good as it used to—just see what kind of a package it is in. No chances are taken with Red Rose. It is packed in clean, bright Aluminum.

Claims Darwin Was Right

Man Descended From Ape-Like Being Says Distinguished Scientist

Darwin was right, declared Sir Arthur Keith, the distinguished scientist in addressing the British Association for the Advancement of Science, at Leeds, England. Sir Arthur not only agreed that man had descended from an ape-like being, but he gave mankind an antiquity of 1,000,000 years.

"As we go backward in time," said Sir Arthur, "we discover that mankind becomes broken up, not into separate races as in the world of today, but into numerous and separate species. When we go into a still more remote past they become so unlike that we have to regard them not as belonging to separate species but different genera. It is amongst this welter of extinct fossil forms which stress the ancient world that we have to trace the zigzag line of man's descent."

More Sleep Necessary

Eight Hours Required Under Strain Of Modern Life

Eight or ten hours sleep are necessary if you wish to keep fit and live to a good old age. This is the prescription of Dr. A. T. Nankivell, health officer at Plymouth, Mass., where the Mayflower landed. We should not forget that the conditions as our grandparents did and the strain of modern life is far greater, yet it is doubtful if we take as much rest as they did. That may be the reason more Americans die of heart disease than of anything else. In the labor of the heart is reduced one-half. A man who has had a strenuous day's work under modern conditions should sleep his eight or ten hours, says Dr. Nankivell, if he wishes to keep his youth, and keep his arteries elastic.

Alberta Sugar Beets

Expect Crop This Year Will Be Largest In History

Officials of the Canadian Sugar Factories, Limited, estimate the largest crop of sugar beets this year in the history of the industry in Alberta. The crop will be from 45,000 to 50,000 tons, in their judgment, as compared with 41,000 tons last year. The acreage has increased within the year by 800.

The Alberta Sugar Company, which already has a refinery at Raymond, is planning the erection of a second plant at Hillspring, in Southern Alberta, where conditions of sugar beet growing have been found to be most satisfactory.

Depreciation Of Automobile

I was talking recently with a big automobile man in a Gulf town. We walked up a long street, and he made an estimate of the cost of automobiles parked along the way. I have forgotten the figures, but they were enormous. I recall, however, that he said the depreciation on the automobiles we saw during the walk amounted to ten thousand dollars a day. There are millions of automobiles in the United States. What is the depreciation of new ones sold every day, and of those previously sold?—E. W. Hogue's Weekly.

It isn't the cost of living that worries the man behind the bars.

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A Warning To Motorists

Practice Of Giving Lifts To Strangers Is Dangerous

The American Automobile Association has sent out a nation-wide warning to motorists to abandon the prevalent practice of giving lifts to strangers along the road. Pointing out that a serious national problem is being created by the kindly driver who picks up the youthful roadside traveller because more than seventy per cent of these "down and outers" later must be cared for in some charitable institution, the association also cautions the motorist on the score of his responsibility should an accident occur, inasmuch as there have been many cases in which the free-riding passenger collected heavy damages from his host.

No better advice could be given the motorist, fraternity. All the dangers of "giving lifts" are not mentioned in the A.A.A. bulletin, however. There is the "stuck-up" man, who, with a leer on his face, holds up his finger to "bun" a ride. If the motorist is kind he stops and calls a cheery "Hop in!" The handi accepts with alacrity, and, biding his time on the back seat until conditions are propitious, he slips on the driver and his companion dumps the bodies alongside of the road, and speeds away. In this connection it is only necessary to recall the horrible murder some years ago in New Jersey, when a young couple returning from a dance graciously gave a lift to two men waiting on a street corner, little realizing that they had but a few minutes to live.

It not safe or wise to stop at any time or any place to give a lift to anyone. If it is a young boy who hails every car until he finds one to pick him up, the chances are a hundred to one that the motorist at the end of the ride will have how long or how short, will get no thanks from this modern type of beggar, and that the motorist by his act is helping in the stagnation of any character that the youth might possess.

As to the question of the passenger suing his host if there is an accident, and the ease of hold-ups under such circumstances, there can be no controversy. Motorists should realize these things and stop for no one, whether in the city or in the country, because under any circumstances they are either putting themselves in grave danger or contributing to the delinquency of future citizens of this country.

Looked Like a Certainty

"Here you are, ladies and gentlemen," shouted the raucous-voiced tipster at the race-meeting. "What did I tell you yesterday?"

"Nobody made an answer to this question, and once more the tipster began his shouting.

"Didn't I say that Broad Bean wasn't a runner?" he yelled. "And didn't I say that Water Tap would still be running, and that Dusty Carpent would take a lot of beating?"

"Still there as no answer. But the powerful-voiced man was not a bit dismayed.

"Now," he cried, "I've a certainty for you today in the next race. Back Loose Button, it's sure to come off!"

Minard's Liniment relieves backache.

Air Patrol Covers Large Area

Approximately 165,000 acres of forest land in the provinces of Ontario, Manitoba, and Alberta were under a system of aerial protection during 1926.

Giant Icebergs

Giant icebergs, 400 feet high and eight miles in extent, were recently sighted by the master of the British Steamer Matania, bound from New Zealand to Montevideo.

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SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

SEPTEMBER 25

THE EARLY KINGS OF ISRAEL

Golden Text: "Jehovah hath established his throne in the heavens; and his kingdom reigneth over all."—Psalm 103.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 105:1-8.

A Review By Means Of Allusions.

In the fulness of spirit, Nathan spoke to David, and so in a hundred voices God through that goodly company of the prophet still speaks to us, and convinces us of our sin and of His presence.—Dean Stanley.

I dare not hope with David's harp to chase the evil spirits from the troubled breast.—Kobbe.

"We think of prayer for others as a privilege, but he regarded it as a duty; he said to pray for his people was to him a sin.

"Latest born of Jesse's race, Wonder lights thy bashful face, While less prophets gifted are, Seals thee for a path of toll."

"Because you cannot gain A wondrous Waterloo In life's great battle, why remain Unarmed with fees in view?"

Do not afraid, like David, take your sling, And some humble part in conquering—Julia H. May.

And his next son, for wealth and wisdom famed, The clouded ark of God, till then untents

Wandering, shall in a glorious temple enshrine—Milton.

If I am only an instrument of gathering materials and another shall build the house, I trust my joy will be none the less.—William Caryl.

His life is the tragedy of a man capable of nobility of character and of great service, who gave loose reins to his evil temper till his only ambition was to hunt and kill "a partridge on a mountain."

At some almost impossible state of self-deception which could let him bask in indignant virtue against his supposed culprit, and never once dream that the case could apply to himself.—Hugh Black.

In the Way Of Trade

Matter Of Ninety-Five Dollars Meant Nothing To Texan

In the old haggling way of trade, which has, in this country, at least, happily gone out for the most part, a horse replaced by the more honest one-price system, in which a dealer puts a fair profit upon his goods and sticks to that, it was customary to demand a great deal more than the asker would get.

One time on the Texas frontier a man came into a camp riding an old mule.

"How much for the mule?" asked a bystander.

"Nine hundred dollars," answered the rider.

"I'll give you five dollars," said the other.

The rider stopped short, as if in amazement, and then slowly dismissed the offer.

"Stranger," said he, "I ain't a-going to let a little matter of ninety-five dollars stand between me and a mule trade." The mule's yours.

Meaning Of London.

Many Theories Have Been Advanced As To Its Derivation

The name London is the subject of much discussion among philologists in Great Britain.

One theory is that it means "the fort by the lake," from the Welsh "llyn," lake and "din," a fortified place. Another is that it is derived from the Norse word "Lund" (diminutive "Lunden"), a sacred grove.

There is a town in Yorkshire called Lund after Lund in Scandinavia, an old time one of the chief commercial cities in Sweden. Its merchants traded with Britain in Roman times. It is thought that Lund in Yorkshire, Lund in Sweden and London, or London were probably the sites of sacred groves, where the priests of the Bronze Age offered human sacrifices to the Sun God.

Bears Make Friends With Miners

A strong friendship has sprung up between wild bears and the miners employed at the Barbara camp, N.C., 5,000 feet above sea level, where copper deposits of the Britannia Mines are being worked. The bears were driven from their usual haunts by an unusually early snow storm. When they appeared in camp they were starving and eagerly devoured the food offered by the miners. The bears quickly gained confidence and now take scraps from the miners' hands without sign of fear or violence.

The happiness of married life depends upon the power of making small sacrifices with readiness and cheerfulness. One doesn't have to be married to know that either.

Garrett: "Do you think a travelling man can go to Heaven?" Mitchell: "Not if the Recording Angel audits their expense account!"

Help For Baby
SCOTT'S EMULSION
Builds Strong Bodies



Naming Mountain Peaks

Mount Stanley Baldwin Is Named After British Premier

Right Hon. Stanley Baldwin's name is to be perpetuated in Canada by a mountain peak called after him. The geography board has acted on a suggestion of the British Columbia Government and a peak in the Rockies in that province with an altitude of 10,800 feet is to be called Mount Stanley Baldwin. It is visible from the railway through the Yellow Head Pass.

Other peaks in the same Cariboo range are to be named the Premier Group after Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir John Thompson, Sir John Abbott and Rt. Hon. Mackenzie Bowell. The latter peak, 11,750 feet is the highest. Previously, mountains were named after Sir John A. Macdonald, Alexander MacKenzie, Sir Charles Tupper and Sir Robert Borden.

The Planting Of Trees

Arrangement Should Be Studied To Obtain Pleasing Results

Indiscriminate planting of trees and shrubs around homes is an unfortunate fact," declares Miss Elsie Hoffmann of the botanic staff of the New York Botanical Garden. Says the Garden, in a recently issued press bulletin:

Miscellaneous evergreens are being overemphasized, and a finer understanding of the importance of hedges and hedges, she asserts that "the beauty of the small place depends upon its enclosure, which separates it from its neighbor and makes it complete in itself." Trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers are not to be planted for themselves alone, according to Miss Rehmann, but are to be arranged and adapted to the house against which they are used.

Mothers Should Use

D. FOWLER'S
EXT-OFF
WILD
STRAWBERRY



When The Babies Are Cutting Teeth

During the baby's teething time, in the hot summer months, the bowels become loose, diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, cramps and other bowel complaints manifest themselves; the gums become swollen, cankers form in the mouth, and in many cases the child wastes to a shadow, and very often the termination is fatal.

This is the time when the mother should use "Dr. Fowler's," and, perhaps, save the baby's life.

It has been on the market for the past 80 years; put up only by The T. M. F. Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Just What He Wanted

A story is related of an old tenant farmer, who, on paying his rent, told his landlord that he wanted some tinner to build a house, and would be much obliged if he would give him permission to cut down what would answer for the purpose.

"No," said the landlord, sharply.

"Well, then, sir," the farmer went on, "will you give me enough to build a barn?"

"No."

"To make a gate, then?"

"Yes."

"That's all I wanted," said the farmer, "and more than I expected."

After all we don't work much longer. They're the regulation 60 minutes each.

A MASTERPIECE

A young entrance pupil writing on the June examinations in composition at a certain Ontario centre contributed the following choice bit of literature. Taking an editor for his subject, he wrote:

"An editor is a man who edits a paper. Some editors use a pen to write with, but some use scissors. Lots of editors get news from scribes. Some editors are Farisees. Nearly all editors lie. An editor that can't lie ain't no good for an editor. An editor should like gossip. Women I once knew a woman that frightened an editor and made him crawl under a table." (This boy is said to have Co., Calgary, was in town yesterday.

would make great editors only editors must keep secrets. An editor never has any money. Once an editor got ten cents and it made him crazy. An editor never wants any pay for his paper and the people never think of paying an editor. When an editor gets a free ticket he has to give a dollar's worth of free advertising in advance. More people know how to edit a paper better than the editors do. If the editor asks for his pay for his paper the fellow gets mad, so it is cheaper to borrow someone else's. Some editors are not afraid of men. I once knew a woman that frightened an editor and made him crawl under a table." (This boy is said to have Co., Calgary, was in town yesterday.

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W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER

Blairmore, Alta, Thur. Sept. 22, 1927

INFANTILE PARALYSIS—
ACUTE POLIOMYELITIS

The use of the term infantile paralysis is somewhat misleading, because although 95 per cent of these cases occur in children under 10 years, persons up to forty or fifty years may develop the disease. In rural communities a larger percentage of adults are affected during an epidemic; but there is a more important objection to the word "paralysis," for fifty per cent of cases of acute Poliomyelitis do not develop paralysis. That means that during the early part of an epidemic, before parents and doctors are on their guard, there are from one to four unrecognized potentially dangerous cases of Poliomyelitis present in the community for every case that is recognized.

Poliomyelitis is believed to be caused by a virus or poison. The incubation period, that is, the interval between the time of exposure of a susceptible person and the onset of the symptoms during which interval the virus is multiplying and is invading the system, appears to be under ten days, with an average of about six days.

In the sporadic cases the first evidence of illness is usually paralysis, but in the epidemic cases there is usually two phases—the first giving evidence of general infection. There may be fever, nausea, vomiting and headache. Quite commonly the patient suffers from inflammation of the upper air passages, manifested by sneezing, coughing and sore throat. Others may show only a passing disposition. Another group may show signs of a gastro-intestinal disturbance, vomiting, diarrhoea accompanied by some fever. In some cases the patient is markedly irritable. Pain in the back of the neck, and stiffness and tenderness of the spine are common.

In fifty to eighty per cent of the cases the disease ends with this phase. In the remaining cases which develop symptoms of involvement of the nervous system, there is an interval varying from a few hours to several days, during which the patient appears to be considerably improved.

Then there appear the symptoms which show that the central nervous

COWLEY HAPPENINGS

Mrs. A. Swart is a present visitor to Lethbridge.

Arthur Brockwell is a visitor to Vancouver at present.

V. S. Miller, of Spokane, is a business visitor in the district.

Mrs. Sandeman, of the Few Ranch, was a visitor to Claresholm recently.

Bruce Holson, of Montreal, was in town Tuesday, renewing old acquaintances.

H. Dillon, of Duamere, Alberta, is engaged as teacher of Todd Creek school.

Mr. and Mrs. Powell and children, who have spent several months in England, are now on their way back.

The repair work on the manse is now near completion. Rev. and Mrs. Griffith have moved in and the place shows a decided improvement.

The school fair has been called off, also the conference of the Women's Institute, churches, Sunday school and public gatherings of all kinds.

After three or four days of fine weather, wheat cutting is now general. The farmers have been much hampered by wet weather, five inches of rain having fallen this month to date.

A young Doukhobor girl of around ten years of age, living two and a half miles from town, is suffering an attack of infantile paralysis. We understand that the child is slightly improving. As a result of this case, the school is closed and the villagers have placed themselves under self imposed quarantine. This is rather hard on the youngsters, as they can't now gather in groups and play around the town, but they are taking advantage of the nearest means of this by climbing on the highest available buildings around their respective homes and shouting back and forth from the house tops, as it were.

NATIONAL CONSERVATIVE
CONVENTION AT WINNIPEG

The national Conservative convention is to be held at Winnipeg during the month of October. At a meeting held in Macleod on Friday night last, the following delegates were elected to represent Macleod federal constituency at that convention: John Heron, of Pincher Creek, defeated Conservative candidate in this riding at the last election; Hugh M. Shaw, of Nanton, former Unionist candidate for the Macleod constituency; J. R. Wall, of Claresholm; John Kerr, of Passburg, and J. D. Matheson, of Macleod, president of the Macleod Liberal-Conservative Association. The alternates chosen were Harry Gilroy, conductor, Macleod; J. B. Allison, of Granum; F. M. Morris, of Macleod; C. W. Stewart, of Claresholm, and Mrs. J. D. Matheson, of Macleod.

The meeting was largely attended and delegates from practically every district in the Macleod riding were in attendance.

When we buy at home, our town has both the money and the merchandise. When we send away, our town has only the merchandise.

system has been invaded.

Quite frequently at the onset of this stage, there are some involuntary twitchings, but of course the most striking feature is the development of paralysis. A leg may be affected or a leg and arm. Again there may be only one group of muscles affected. The paralysis may be progressive, one group of muscles after another becoming involved, but as a rule after paralysis has appeared, "if there is no increase in six to twelve hours no further advance is expected." The extent of the external manifestations is of course indication of the extent of the involvement of the central nervous system.

Hyper-sensitiveness of the skin of the affected limb is frequently noted and pain in various parts of the body is a common accompaniment.

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PRIZE AWARDS AT THE
BELLEVUE EXHIBITION

The attendance at the tenth annual exhibition of the Bellevue and District Horticultural, Industrial and Poultry Society exhibition on Labor Day exceeded all previous records and judging by the number of entries and the interest in the added feature of poultry, it is likely two days, instead of one, will be required for the exhibition next year. There were considerably more entries in the vegetable section than last year and the exhibits were of a superior quality. There were not quite so many entries in the flower section, due, it is said, to the windy weather having damaged the flower gardens shortly before the exhibition date. Poultry shown were of a good type, but many recommendations for improvement for another season were made by the judges. Some splendid entries were found in the ladies' section, and the arts and industrial exhibits were works of considerable merit, especially in the painting classes. In this connection, general satisfaction was felt in the judging of Mr. Muncester, of Blairmore, who was quite capable of filling the position of judge.

Judges were as follows: Flowers, Mr. W. R. Reader, superintendent of parks, Calgary; vegetables, Mr. Palmer, of the experimental farm, Lethbridge; poultry, Mr. Scholes; ladies' section, Mrs. W. R. Reader, of Calgary, and Mrs. L. L. Morgan, of Blairmore; arts and industrial section, Mr. Eric Muncester, of Blairmore.

Prizes were awarded as follows:

VEGETABLES

Best Garden Display of Vegetables—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd T. Clayton. Best Collection of Vegetables—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd A. Hallworth, 3rd J. Curry.

Round White Potatoes—1st and 3rd H. Blake, 2nd S. Humble. Round Colored Potatoes—1st S. Humble, 2nd G. W. Goodwin, 3rd E. Cole.

Kidney White Potatoes—1st and 3rd J. Gerrard, 2nd E. Cole. Kidney Colored Potatoes—1st, 2nd and 3rd E. Cole.

Collection of Potatoes—1st, 2nd and 3rd E. Cole. Cauliflower—1st, G. Christie, 2nd G. W. Goodwin, 3rd G. Coupland.

Conical Cabbage—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd G. Coupland, 3rd L. Mottl. Flat Cabbage—1st L. Mottl, 2nd J. Curry.

Round Cabbage—1st R. T. Johnson, 2nd J. Eucens, 3rd G. Coupland. Savoy Cabbage—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd T. Clayton.

Red Cabbage—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd L. Mottl, 3rd D. Morris. Curly Kale—1st and 2nd J. Boyle, 3rd T. Clayton.

White Kohl Rabi—1st A. Hallworth, 2nd C. C. Miller, 3rd J. Boyle. Blue Kohl Rabi—1st J. Boyle, 2nd G. W. Goodwin, 3rd T. Clayton.

Swede Turnip—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd F. Cole, 3rd H. Robinson. White Turnip—1st E. Cole, 2nd G. W. Goodwin, 3rd T. Clayton.

Yellow Turnip—1st J. Curry, 2nd and 3rd T. Clayton. Long Carrots—1st E. Fisher, 2nd A. Hallworth, 3rd W. Goodwin.

Short Carrots—1st E. Cole, 2nd and 3rd G. W. Goodwin. Intermediate Carrots—1st D. Morris, 2nd and 3rd C. C. Miller.

Leeks—1st J. Boyle, 2nd and 3rd G. W. Goodwin. Onions from sets—1st and 2nd J. Fisher, 3rd T. Clayton.

Red Onions—1st and 2nd T. Clayton, 3rd J. Allison. White Onions—1st, 2nd and 3rd T. Clayton.

Yellow Onions—1st and 2nd T. Clayton, 3rd G. W. Goodwin. Shallots—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd A. Hallworth, 3rd T. Clayton.

Multiplicars—1st and 2nd T. Clayton, 3rd G. W. Goodwin. Pickling Onions—1st and 3rd R. Glover, 2nd T. Clayton.

Long Beets—1st T. Clayton, 2nd G. W. Goodwin, 3rd S. Humble. Any other variety Beets—1st E. Cole, 2nd D. Morris, 3rd H. Blake.

Pareraps—1st H. Blake, 2nd G. W. Goodwin, 3rd J. Curry.

Salsify—1st and 3rd J. Radford, 2nd J. Gerrard. Radish—1st and 3rd T. Clayton, 2nd A. Hallworth.

White Celery—1st J. Radford, 2nd G. W. Goodwin, 3rd J. Allison. Best Celery—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd and 3rd J. Allison.

Curled Lettuce—1st J. Radford, 2nd E. Cole. Cabbage Lettuce—1st and 2nd C. C. Miller, 3rd H. Robinson.

Collection of Peas—1st J. Curry, 2nd W. Goodwin, 3rd T. Clayton. Long Pods Broad Beans—1st J. Curry, 2nd and 3rd D. Morris.

Pods Wax Beans—1st J. Curry, 2nd D. Morris, 3rd J. Boyle. Pods Dwarf Beans—1st J. Curry, 2nd E. Cole, 3rd D. Morris.

Pods Runner Beans—1st E. Cole, 2nd J. Radford, 3rd T. Clayton. Short Pods Windsor Beans—1st J. Boyle, 2nd E. Cole, 3rd J. Curry.

Frame Cucumbers—1st and 2nd F. Padgett, 3rd T. Clayton. Ridge Cucumbers—1st and 2nd T. Clayton, 3rd J. Allison.

Rhubarb—1st and 3rd J. Boyle, 2nd A. Hallworth. Swiss Chard—1st C. C. Miller, 2nd and 3rd T. Clayton.

Red Tomatoes—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd and 3rd F. Padgett. Yellow Tomatoes—1st, 2nd and 3rd T. Clayton.

Green Tomatoes—1st T. Clayton, 2nd A. Hallworth, 3rd J. Allison. Fancy Tomatoes—1st, 2nd and 3rd F. Padgett.

White Vegetable Marrow—1st and 2nd J. Gerrard, 3rd T. Clayton. Green Vegetable Marrow—1st T. Clayton, 2nd J. Boyle, 3rd J. Wyatt.

Pumpkin—1st W. Goodwin, 2nd and 3rd J. Curry. Sweet Corn—1st, 2nd and 3rd J. Curry.

Squash, Hubbard—1st, 2nd and 3rd T. Clayton. Squash, any other variety—1st, 2nd and 3rd J. Curry.

Roots of Parsley—1st, 2nd and 3rd Mrs. M. Goodwin. Shelled Peas—1st T. Clayton, 2nd H. Blake, 3rd J. D. McDonald.

Mangel Wurtzel—1st and 2nd H. Robinson, 3rd T. Clayton. Collection of Herbs—1st M. Goodwin, 2nd T. Clayton, 3rd E. Cole.

Peppers—1st, 2nd and 3rd T. Clayton. Any other Variety Vegetable—1st A. Watson, 2nd S. Humble, 3rd J. Curry.

Any other Variety Vegetable Fruit—1st and 2nd T. Clayton. Any other Variety Fruit—1st and 2nd S. Humble, 3rd T. Clayton.

Heads of Wheat—1st and 2nd H. Robinson. Heads of Barley—1st and 2nd H. Robinson.

Heads of Oats—1st H. Robinson. Heads of Grasses—1st H. Robinson. Best Artistic Display Garden Flowers—1st F. Padgett, 2nd M. Goodwin.

Best Bouquet Garden Flowers—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd A. Hallworth, 3rd J. Boyle. Best Arranged Bouquet of Garden Flowers—1st J. Gerrard, 2nd J. Boyle, 3rd S. Humble.

Asters, any color—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd F. Padgett, 3rd T. Clayton. Asters, 4 colors—1st F. Padgett, 2nd J. Boyle, 3rd T. Clayton.

Best Collection Pansies—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd F. Padgett, 3rd J. Boyle. Pansies, six—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd J. Curry, 3rd J. Boyle.

French Marigolds—1st D. Morris, 2nd J. Gerrard, 3rd Mrs. Gerrard. African Marigolds, lemon—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd S. Humble, 3rd E. Cole.

African Marigolds, orange—1st E. Cole, 2nd J. Boyle, 3rd T. Clayton. Carnations—1st and 2nd J. Gerrard, 3rd Mrs. Curry.

Dahlias, 4 distinct colors—1st E. Fisher, 2nd G. W. Goodwin, 3rd J. Radford. Show Dahlias—1st Mrs. Curry, 2nd J. Radford, 3rd E. Cole.

Pompon Dahlias—1st Mrs. Curry, 2nd J. Boyle, 3rd W. Blinston. Cactus Dahlias—1st and 3rd J. Radford, 2nd E. Fisher.

Decorative Dahlias—1st and 2nd W. Blinston.

Best Display of Dahlias—1st Mrs. Curry, 2nd J. Boyle. Best Collection of Stocks—1st E. Cole, 2nd and 3rd F. Padgett.

Best Bouquet Sweet Peas—1st J. Curry, 2nd J. Radford. Best Arranged Bouquet Sweet Peas—1st Mrs. Curry, 2nd H. Blake, 3rd D. Morris.

Zinnias—1st and 2nd J. Boyle, 3rd T. Clayton. Collection of Phlox—1st, 2nd and 3rd E. Cole.

Perennial Phlox—1st and 2nd E. Cole, 3rd T. Clayton. Double Petunias—1st G. W. Goodwin, 2nd J. Longworth, 3rd T. Clayton.

Single Petunias—1st and 3rd T. Clayton, 2nd J. W. Goodwin. Collection Snapdragons—1st, 2nd and 3rd F. Padgett.

Collection Nasturtiums—1st W. Goodwin, 2nd A. Hallworth, 3rd T. Clayton. Gladiolas—1st and 2nd J. Radford, 3rd J. Longworth.

Hollyhocks—1st and 2nd G. Coupland. Balsam—1st and 3rd E. Cole, 2nd T. Clayton.

Salpiglossis—1st J. Boyle, 2nd G. W. Goodwin, 3rd F. Padgett. Celosia or Cockscomb—1st, 2nd and 3rd T. Clayton.

Collection of Annuals—1st E. Cole, 2nd J. Boyle. Collection of Perennials—1st and 2nd E. Cole, 3rd J. Radford.

Collection of Ferns—1st T. Clayton. Collection House Plants, one variety—1st T. Clayton, 2nd and 3rd J. Curry.

Collection of House Plants, assorted—1st J. Curry, 2nd A. Boguich, 3rd W. Blinston.

Best Bouquet Wild Flowers—1st Ina Wood, 2nd Marjory Clayton, 3rd Grace Goodwin.

INDUSTRIAL SECTION

Hand Woodwork—1st A. Hallworth, 2nd H. Robinson. Painting, schools of district—1st George Clayton, 2nd May Harvey, 3rd Doug. Carter.

POULTRY

Best Pen of Poultry—1st J. Jennings, 2nd R. Glover, 3rd G. W. Weber. Barred Plymouth Rock, dark male—1st R. Glover, 2nd H. Robinson.

Barred Plymouth Rock, hen, dark—1st R. Glover, 2nd J. Jennings, 3rd J. Penn. Barred Plymouth Rock Cockerel—1st and 2nd R. Glover, 3rd G. W. Weber.

Barred Plymouth Rock Pullet—1st and 3rd R. Glover, 2nd G. W. Weber. White Wyandotte Pullet—1st Dan Richards.

White Leghorn Hen—1st G. W. Weber. White Leghorn Cockerel—1st and 2nd R. Glover, 3rd G. W. Weber.

White Leghorn Pullet—1st G. W. Weber, 2nd and 3rd R. Glover. Black Minorca Male—1st G. Coupland.

Pair Bantams—1st Dan Richards. Pair Pigeons—1st and 3rd E. Lithorland. Rabbit Buck—1st and 2nd W. Newton.

Rabbit Doe—1st and 3rd W. Serrin, 2nd L. Mottl.

LADIES' SECTION

Hand-Made Bag—1st Mrs. E. Hagland, 2nd Mrs. Watson, 3rd Mrs. Pettit.

Plain Hand Sewing—2nd Mrs. Humble, 3rd Mrs. A. Rhodes. Men's Hand-Knit Socks—1st and 2nd Mrs. Newton.

All-White Embroidery Work—1st Mrs. Humble, 2nd Miss L. Charlesworth, 3rd Mrs. Rhodes.

All-White Roman Cut Work—1st Mrs. Minuzzi, 2nd Mrs. C. Johnson. Embroidery Work on Silk—1st, 2nd and 3rd Mrs. C. Johnson.

Collection Fancy Articles—1st Mrs. C. Johnson, 2nd Mrs. V. Mottl, 3rd Mrs. Gilroy.

Embroidery Lunch Set—1st Mrs. H. Harrison, 2nd Miss I. Charlesworth, 3rd Mrs. Rhodes.

Colored Embroidery on white linen—1st Miss L. Charlesworth, 2nd Mrs. Humble, 3rd Miss D. Radford.

Colored Embroidery on colored linen—1st Miss B. Radford, 2nd Miss I. Charlesworth, 3rd Mrs. C. Johnson.

Apple Pie—1st Mrs. Hallworth, 2nd Mrs. Long, 3rd Mrs. Newton. Scotch Scones—1st and 2nd Mrs. Glover, 3rd Mrs. Coupland.

Fruit Cake, light—1st Mrs. Humble, 2nd Mrs. Gilroy. Fruit Cake, dark—1st and 3rd Mrs. Humble, 2nd Mrs. Gilroy.

Layer Cake—1st, 2nd and 3rd Mrs. Gilroy. Collection Gems, Drop Cakes and Buns—1st and 3rd Mrs. Gilroy, 2nd Mrs. Humble.

Collection Fancy Decorated Cakes—1st and 2nd Mrs. Gilroy, 3rd Mrs. Humble. Collection Home-Made Candy—1st and 2nd Mrs. Humble, 3rd Mrs. Gilroy.

Assorted Jam, in jars—1st Mrs. Clayton, 2nd Mrs. Gilroy, 3rd Mrs. Humble. Assorted Fruit, in jars—1st Mrs. Gilroy, 2nd Mrs. Clayton, 3rd Mrs. Humble.

Vegetable Pickles, in jars—1st Mrs. Humble, 2nd Mrs. Gilroy, 3rd Mrs. Rhodes. Fruit Pickles, in jars—1st Mrs. Rhodes. Canned Vegetables—1st Mrs. Glover, 2nd and 3rd Mrs. Gilroy.

Jellies, in glasses or containers—1st and 2nd Mrs. Gilroy, 3rd Mrs. Humble. Hand-Sewn Dress (girls 10 to under 13)—1st Miss D. Chiaravano, 2nd Miss Costick.

Hand-Sewn Handkerchief, fancy—1st Miss E. Hall. GIRLS TO UNDER 16 Crocheted Work—1st and 2nd Miss

Charlesworth, 3rd Mrs. C. Johnson. Applique—1st and 2nd Mrs. H. Harrison, 3rd Miss I. Charlesworth.

Pair of Towels—1st Mrs. Rhodes. Crocheted Work—1st Mrs. C. Johnson, 2nd Mrs. Ritson, 3rd Mrs. Costick.

Tatted Work—2nd Miss D. Radford. Hand-Embroidered Cushion—1st Mrs. Davidson, 2nd Miss D. Radford.

Pillow Cases—1st Mrs. C. Johnson, 2nd Miss I. Charlesworth, 3rd Mrs. Humble. Fancy Knitting—1st and 2nd Mrs. A. Long, 3rd Mrs. Blinston.

Patchwork Quilt—1st Mrs. Ritson, 2nd Mrs. Davidson. Work Done by Patent Needle—1st, 2nd and 3rd Mrs. Hagland.

Plain Knitted Sweater—1st Mrs. B. Newton, 2nd Mrs. Blinston. Fancy Knitted Sweater—1st Mrs. Blinston, 2nd Mrs. A. Long.

Hardanger—1st Mrs. Minuzzi, 2nd Mrs. Rhodes, 3rd Mrs. Curry. Dozen White Eggs—1st Mrs. Robinson, 2nd and 3rd Mrs. Glover.

Dozen Brown Eggs—1st Mrs. Robinson. Best Dressed Fowl—1st Mrs. Robinson. Pound of Butter—1st and 2nd Mrs. Robinson, 3rd Mrs. Glover.

Home-Made Bread from Robin Hood Flour—1st Mrs. Newton, 2nd Mrs. Mottl, 3rd Mrs. Glover. Best Home-Made Loaf of Bread—1st Mrs. Gerrard, 2nd Mrs. Longworth, 3rd Mrs. Christie.

Home-Made Bread from Purity Flour—1st Mrs. Hallworth, 2nd Mrs. Gilroy, 3rd Mrs. Blake.

K. Kneazsky. Embroidery Work—1st Miss Clayton, 2nd Miss Kneazsky. GIRLS 16 TO 18 Collection Fancy Articles—1st Miss E. Serrin.

Colored Embroidery Work on Linen—1st, 2nd and 3rd Miss E. Serrin. Special prizes were awarded as follows: Apron (1)—2nd Miss E. Hall.

Apron (2)—2nd Miss E. Hall. Hand-Painted Handkerchiefs—1st Miss J. Johnson. Hand-Painted Cushion—2nd Miss M. Harvey.

Cushion Cover—1st Mrs. W. J. Harrison. Fancy Work—1st Mrs. Minuzzi. Exhibitions of Painting, highly commended—1st Mr. V. Mottl.

Exhibition of Cartoons—2nd Geo. Clayton. Best Penmanship Grades I. to VIII.—1st Annie Koran.

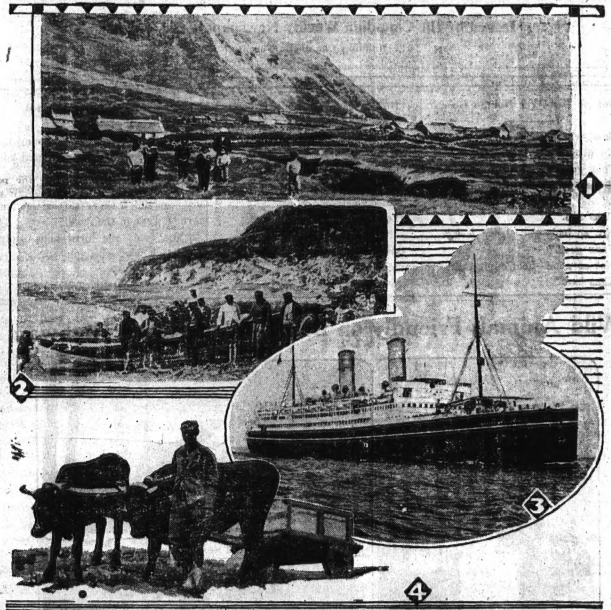
Best Essay on Music—1st Miss M. Harvey. Best Essay on Wallpaper and Paint—1st Miss M. Harvey.

The annual meeting of District 8, A. F. & A. M., which includes Macleod, Fincher Creek, Cowley, Hillcrest, Blairmore and Coleman, will be held at Hillcrest on October the 9th.

Manager: "Vot? You come into zees famous restaurant, drink ze glass of water an' zen walk calmly out?"

Joek: "Hoots mont! Did ye expect me to stagger out?"

The Forgotten Island of Romance



1—The Settlement at Tristan da Cunha. 2—The only access to the sea. 3—Canadian Pacific Empress of France. 4—The island's means of transportation.

Interest on both sides of the Atlantic has recently been aroused by the gracious solicitude of their Majesties King George and Queen Mary of England for the welfare and comfort of the least-known and loneliest island colony in the world.

Romance blows with the wind from every solitary island; and the romance of Tristan da Cunha is the grandeur of isolation, the struggle for existence of the few inhabitants of its rock-bound shores and the experiences of a sailor who left as a heritage to the island the belief that somewhere amid the rocks is to be found a wealth of pirate treasure. The island is distant from its nearest neighbor, St. Helena—Isle of Napoleonic memories—by 1500 miles and is far from the path of ships, rarely indeed receiving a visit from the great and busy world beyond the horizon: a world which, marching along the highway of progress, has all but forgotten this outpost of civilization in the desert of the South Atlantic Ocean.

In 1814, during the war with Great Britain, an English garrison occupied this strategic island. There they found three Americans one of whom, Jonathan Lambert, "of Salem, the citizen and mariner thereof" is reputed to have sailed the seas as a buccaner. As a pirate he ran untrue to form somehow escaping the yard arm and public hangings that have been their traditional fate. The story goes that he came to Tristan in order to hoard, in a secret place, the booty of many a rich prize, seized and

plundered on the roaring Spanish Main.

Thus the place is invested with the magic spell of a Treasure Island, and to this day, the islanders believe that within its bounds is to be found a rich hoard of doubloons, molders, pieces of eight or louis d'or. Whether this be true or not, Lambert, when found by the English, was engaged in the peaceful occupation of preparing the skins and oil of seals, with which the shores abounded. These were exchanged for provisions with any passing ships; and the trade appears to have been so lucrative, that Lambert declared himself the sovereign lord, "grounding" as he is claimed to have said, "my right and claim on the island and sure ground of absolute occupancy."

The continuous occupation of Tristan da Cunha began, however, in 1817 when, on the withdrawal of the garrison, William Glas, of Kelso, a corporal in the Royal Artillery, was at his own request left on the island with his wife and two soldiers who had been induced to join them. The real discoverer of the island was a Portuguese navigator whose name the island bears. This was in the year 1506.

From the tiny settlement founded by Glas, the population increased from time to time by shipwrecked mariners and a few settlers from Cape Town, and diminished again by the exodus

of the more restless ones among them, the present colony of 140 souls has sprung.

The people are self-governing and self-supporting. The men are daring sea-men and clever carpenters and masons; but there is a touch of the primitive about the picturesque bullock-carts, and the cottages built of huge blocks of stone.

Physically the island is entirely of volcanic formation. High cliffs circle the lonely spot and are pierced with ravines, the walls rising like ramparts from the sea, to a height in many places of over 1000 feet high. They are topped by a central cone that stands out amid the surrounding cliffs at a height of 7640 feet, snow-capped and symmetrical as the Peak of Tenerife. Here, in the largest crater, is a fresh-water lake, which, it is said, is never frozen. On the northwest of the island is the sole access to the sea—a narrow plateau where is the only settlement.

The social life of the community is limited and the monotonous existence of the inhabitants has resulted in some of the colony drifting off beyond the horizon on some chance merchantman. The island, however, will soon experience the joys of radio for early in 1926 the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of France on its north-bound American cruise will stop near this island enroute to Cape Town, when some powerful set and many eager passengers will be stranded by a raft, for the use and comfort of the islanders.

Making a Convenience of a Business

Many there are who make of a legitimate and well-established business nothing but a convenience—a place from which to get odds and ends when there is no time to go farther afield. They do not hesitate to send their money away for many things they need, and which could just as satisfactorily and much more promptly be supplied by their home merchants and dealers. No business, no matter of what nature, can long exist on this sort of patronage. The public expect to receive services as and when they demand it; but many do not do their part in making this possible.

There are manufacturing industries with fairly complete equipment which, because of such lack of consideration, are idle much of the time. It must be patent to all that a busy plant can be operated much more cheaply than one which is working only on part time. Therefore, it should be the policy of all to place their business of whatever kind it may be with the local plant or factory to the end that it may be kept reasonably busy and thus be in a position to give its best service.

When it is printed matter of any kind, remember the plant and equipment of

The Blairmore Enterprise

Issued by the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association

313 Manning Chambers, Toronto

Not So Bad—Yet Not So Good

"Sam, where you been?"
"No place—just married."
"That good."
"Not so good. I've stepped to nine kids."
"That bad."
"Not so bad—got plenty jack."
"That good."
"Not so good—held on it tight."
"That bad."

"Not so bad—owns a big house."

"That good."
"Not so good—it burned down last night."
"That too bad."
"That's too bad—she burned with it."
"That good."
"Yes—that good—Selected."

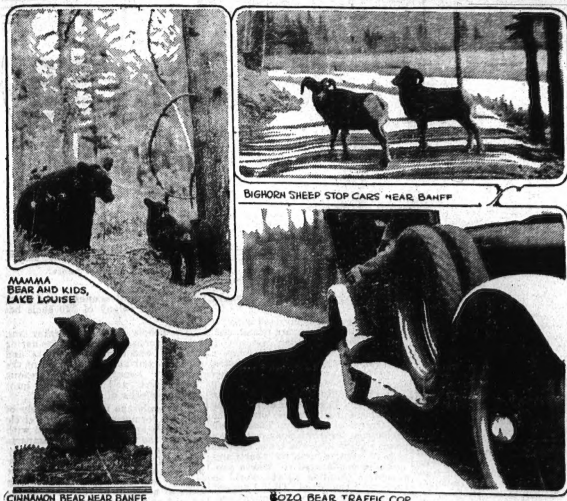
One little town in California has gained 463 per cent in population since 1920.

Where Light Was Needed

The stingy farmer was scoring the hired man for carrying a lighted lantern to call on his best girl.
"The idea," he exclaimed. "When I was courtin' I never carried no lantern, I went in the dark."
"Yes," said the hired man, sadly, "and look what you got."—Ex.

SUBSCRIBE TODAY!

Wild Animals Friendly on Banff-Windermere Highway



CINNAMON BEAR NEAR BANFF

BOZO BEAR TRAFFIC COP

"The Friendly Road," by David Grayson, which is well-known to many lovers of nature, depicts incidents and friendliness of people along country roads and in the rural districts. There is, however, a road in the Canadian Rockies the friendliness of which is not due to mortals as in Grayson's book, but to the friendliness of animals. Animals termed wild, but in this instance a word that cannot be applied to those on the Banff-Windermere Highway. There is possibly no more beautiful road than this which runs from Banff to Lake Windermere, in the Columbia River Valley. The distance of 104 miles is spectacular and the scenes are constantly changing. The views from the high passes looking down into valleys, thousands of feet below, they lakes surrounded by al-

pine meadows, rivers crossed and recrossed, and glimpses of cascades tumbling down slopes from dizzy heights are intriguing and beautiful. To this natural beauty is added that of seeing the animals in their natural haunts. Rocky Mountain sheep are seen on the road along Vermilion Lakes not far from Banff. They are some that often motor. Have to slow down as they will persist, almost to the point of danger, in standing in the middle of the highway.

Bozo, a black bear, is a friend to many motorists on the Banff-Windermere road. He comes out on the highway as if he had role right to it. He does not resent these invaders in the least and really wishes to show his friendliness. Sometimes he has lunches handed to him and the remarks of "nice old chap, fine old fellow," please him tremendously, and he will try to come even nearer.

Deer are seen, also, on this famous highway, though not as often as other animals. They are regular visitors to Banff, and are frequently seen on the streets of the village. There are hundreds of miles of smooth motor roads through the open road are visiting this region in increasing numbers annually.

DARWIN RIGHT IN THEORY

Leeds, England, Sept. 1.—Taking as his subject the formidable text, "Darwin's Theory of Man's Descent as it stands today," and giving him an antiquity of one million years, Prof. Sir Arthur Keith delivered last evening the inaugural presidential address here of the 96th annual gathering of the British Association for the Advancement of Science.

"The subject of my address is man's remote history," said the distinguished scientist, whose "Antiquity of Man" is a standard work, and whose most recent publication, two years ago, was "Religion of a Darwinist." "Fifty-five years," he said, "have come and gone since Charles Darwin wrote a history of man's descent. How does his work stand the test of time?"

"As I address these words to you, I cannot help marvelling over the difference between our outlook today and that of the audience which Sir Richard Owen had to face in this city sixty-nine years ago. The vast assemblage which confronted him was convinced that man had appeared on earth by a special act of creation; whereas the audience which I have now the honor of addressing, and that larger radio congregation within the reach of my voice, if not convinced Darwinists are yet prepared to believe, when full proofs are forthcoming, that man began his career as a humble primate animal and has achieved his present estate by the action and reaction of biological forces which have been and are ever at work within his body and brain.

"Will Darwin's victory endure for all time? Before attempting to answer this question, let us look at what kind of book the Descent of Man is. It is a book of history—the history of man, written in a new way—the way discovered by Charles Darwin. He gathered historical documents from the body and behavior of man and compared them with observations made on the body and behavior of every animal which showed the least resemblance to man. He studied all that was known in his day of man's embryological history and differences in the corresponding histories of other animals. He took into consideration the manner in which the living tissues of man react to disease, to drugs and to environment; he had to account for the existence of diverse races of mankind. By a logical analysis of his facts, Darwin reconstructed and wrote a history of man.

"Fifty-six years have come and gone since that history was written. An enormous body of new evidence has poured in upon us. But the fundamental of Darwin's outline of man's history remain unshaken.

"The evidence of man's evolution from an ape-like being, obtained from a study of fossil remains, is definite and irrefutable, but the process has been infinitely more complex than was suspected in Darwin's time. In our original simplicity we expected, as we traced man backwards in time, that we should encounter a grad-series of fossil forms—a series which would carry him in a straight line towards an anthropoid ancestor. We should never have made this initial mistake if we had remembered that the guide to the world of the past is the world of the present. In our time man is represented not by one but by many and diverse races—black, brown, yellow and white; some of these are rapidly expanding, others are rapidly disappearing. Our searches have shown that in remote times the world was peopled, sparsely it is true, with races showing an ever greater diversity than those of today, and that already the same process of replacement was at work to unravel man's pedigree. We have had to thread our way, not along the links of the chain, but through the meshes of a complicated network.

"We made another mistake. Seeing that in our search for man's ancestry we expected to reach an age when the beings we should have to deal with would be simian rather than human, we ought to have marked the condition which prevailed among living

anthropoid apes. We ought to have been prepared to find, as we approached a distant point in the geological horizon, that the forms encountered would be as widely different as are the gorilla, chimpanzee and orang and confined, as these great anthropoids now are, to limited parts of the earth's surface.

"That is what we are now realizing; as we go backwards in time, we discover that mankind becomes broken up, not into separate races in the world of today, but into numerous and separate species. When we go into a still more remote past they become so unlike that we have to regard them not as belonging to separate species, but different genera. It is amongst this welter of extinct fossil that we have to trace the zig-zag line of man's descent. Do you wonder we sometimes falter and follow false clues?

"We committed a still further blunder when we set out on the search for man's ancestry; indeed, some of us are still making it. We expected that there would be not only an orderly file of stages, but that every part of his body—skull, brain, jaws, teeth, skin, body, arms and legs—would at each stage become a little less ape-like, a little more man-like. Our researchers have shown us that man's evolution has not proceeded in this orderly manner. In some extinct races, while one part of the body has moved forward, another part has lagged behind.

"All the evidence now at our disposal supports the conclusion that man has arisen as Lamarck and Darwin suspected, from an anthropoid ape not higher in the zoological scale than a chimpanzee and that the date at which human and anthropoid lines of descent began to diverge lies near the beginning of the miocene period. On our modest scale of reckoning, that gives man the respectable antiquity of about one million years.

"Our geological search has not produced so far the final and conclusive evidence of man's anthropoid origin; we have not found as yet the human 'image' emerging from its anthropoid 'envelope.' Why, then, do modern anthropologists share the conviction that there has been an anthropoid stage in our ancestry?

"Early in the present century, Prof. G. H. F. Nuttall, of Cambridge University, discovered a trustworthy and exact method of determining the affinity of one species of animal to another by comparing the reactions of their bloods. He found that the blood of man and that of the great anthropoid apes gave almost the same reaction. Bacteriologists find that the living anthropoid body possesses the same susceptibilities to infections as manifests the same reactions, as does the body of man. So alike are the brains of man and anthropoid in their structural organization that surgeon and physiologists transfer experimental observations from the one to the other. We find the same vestigial structure—the same evolutionary landmarks—in the bodies of man and anthropoid. The anthropoid mother fondles, nurses and suckles her young in the human manner. This is but a tithe of the striking and intimate points in which man resembles the anthropoid ape. In other ways we can see a myriad of coincidences be explained except by presuming a common ancestry for both.

"In the anthropoid brain are to be recognized all those parts which have become so enormous in the human brain. It is in the expansion of those parts which has given man his powers of feeling, understanding, acting, speaking and learning.

"Darwin himself approached this problem as a psychologist and after years of observation succeeded in convincing himself that immeasurable as are the differences between the mentality of man and ape, they are of degree, not of kind. Prolonged researches made by modern psychologists have but verified and extended Darwin's conclusion. No matter what line of evidence we select to follow—we reach the conviction that man's brain has been evolved from that of an anthropoid ape and that in the process no new structure has been

introduced and no new or strange faculty interpolated.

"In these days our knowledge of the elaborate architecture and delicate machinery of the human brain makes rapid progress, but I should mislead if I suggested that finally is in sight. Far from it. Our enquiries are but begun. There is much we do not yet understand."

After sketching the advancement of scientific knowledge since Darwin's time, Sir Arthur Keith concluded:

"With such sources of knowledge being ever extended, and others of great importance which have been left unmentioned, such as heredity, we are justified in the hope that man will be able in due time not only to write his own history, but to explain how and why events took the course they did."

"Was Darwin right when he said that man, under the action of biological forces, which can be observed and measured, has been raised from a place among the anthropoid apes to that which he now occupies? The answer is 'Yes,' and in returning this verdict I speak but as foreman of the jury—a jury which has been empaneled from men who have devoted a lifetime to weighing the evidence."

Here and There

One year from date of publication to the Canada Gazette new regulations requiring the inspection and grading of fruit for exportation come into effect. They will require that all fresh fruit must be inspected and an export inspection certificate issued showing the grade before leaving the country.

A record was established at Quebec recently with nine passenger vessels arriving and landing passengers and mail, the largest number ever to visit the port at any one time. Included in the arrivals were the "Empress of Scotland," the "Montclair," "Montclair," "Marloch" and "Melita" of the Canadian Pacific Steamships.

A new high record of \$15,824,821 in gold production of the province of Ontario during the first half year is shown in the report just out, the total production of the same half year being a quarter of a million. During the same half year the total production of all minerals in Ontario was \$45,108,228, as against \$42,584,402 for the same half year of 1926.

To serve the interests of hundreds of farmers and ranchmen in the prairie provinces two new branch lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway started operation last week. The first line, announced by D. C. Coleman, Vice-President, C.P.R., the longer of the two, runs from the Assiniboine south to Corunah, a distance of 69 miles, and the second, a 27-mile stretch, runs from Bromhead to Lake Abna.

The 100 members of the British Newspapers' Society left Canada thoroughly impressed with the opportunities Canada possesses. Their impressions are that Canada was already great and is potentially much greater, and they were amazed that so much could have been accomplished in Canada in such a short time by so few people. They sailed from Montreal on the Canadian Pacific Steamship "Montclair," the ship having a large passenger list.

After a strenuous six weeks travelling across the Dominion of Canada, their Royal Highnesses, the Prince of Wales and his brother George, embarked on the Canadian Pacific Flagship, the "Empress of Scotland," tired but happy. Prince Edward says, "Every time I come to your country I am more and more attracted by the wonderful natural scenery and the warmth of the welcome extended by Canadians, and trust that it will not be long before we meet again."

Approximately 1,000 members of the American Legion visited Montreal on their way to Paris, France, where they will hold their 9th annual convention. The people came from Idaho, Buffalo, Wisconsin, Washington, Montana and North Dakota. Frank X. Schwab, mayor of Buffalo, gave the Legionnaires of that city a wild buffalo to be presented to the citizens of Paris. They crossed to Antwerp on the "Montclair" and "Montclair," both liners in the Canadian Pacific service.

"A land of good wages and unlimited possibilities," is the manner in which Premier Stanley Baldwin characterized Canada in his first public address in the Old Country after his return from the Dominion. He said that he had met the men (of whom we hear too much) who go out to the Dominion and fall, one of their failures to themselves. I have no doubt that a man can succeed on the land there even if he has failed to do so in the country at home. A little training will go a long way."

That the various liquor control boards of Canada have been defrauded by having purchased liquor through certain agencies bearing manufacturers' brands but labelled in Canada and evidently mixed and bottled in Canada has been disclosed.

INFANTILE PARALYSIS

Infantile Paralysis is a germ disease. It occurs most often in the summer months, and mostly among children, especially those under five years old. Following the advice given below will help your children escape the disease.

Infantile Paralysis in its beginning resembles many other contagious diseases. A child that has been perfectly well becomes restless or drowsy; is irritable and does not want to be moved. There may be vomiting or diarrhoea, but constipation is the rule. There may be some headache or pains in the muscles. At times a convulsion occurs. The child is feverish. That is all that appears, and yet within twenty-four to seventy-two hours the child may not be able to move its arms or legs.

Do not wait for the paralysis. If the child appears to have fever, vomiting and marked restlessness, put him to bed and call a doctor promptly. No matter how mild the sickness may seem, get a doctor's advice. Do this to protect your child. While waiting for the doctor, give the child a dose of castor oil. Keep all other children away until the doctor says there is no danger.

Every case of Infantile Paralysis should be reported immediately to the Board of Health. Follow the advice of your Health Officer, who is working to protect your home from Infantile Paralysis and all other contagious diseases.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Keep your children clean. Bathe them often. Make them wash their hands and face before eating. Do not let them use public roller towels.

Give each child his own handkerchief. Teach him to blow his nose and to cover the nose and mouth when he sneezes or coughs. Teach him to keep his fingers out of his nose and mouth.

Give each child his own toothbrush. See that he uses it morning and night. Keep the teeth clean and have the cavities filled.

Teach him never to use a cup or glass that has been used by someone else.

Give the child plenty of water to drink. Forbid all tea and coffee.

Food should be simple and easily digested. Give no fried foods.

Use clean, pasteurized milk, or milk from cows tested regularly for tuberculosis.

Put the children to bed early. Younger children should have a nap after lunch. Be sure that the children's bowels are regular.

Do not use patent medicines. Bags of camphor or asafetida are useless. Beware of the dishonest advertisements of quacks who are interested in your money, but not in your children.

Keep children away from crowds. Allow them to play outdoors as much as possible, but not in contact with large groups of other children. Keep them by themselves as far as possible.

The home should be kept thoroughly clean, and free from flies or vermin of any description.

Keep the home free from dust, but avoid dry sweeping and dusting. Sprinkle the floor with pieces of dampened paper before sweeping, and use a cloth which has been moistened for dusting.

Inasmuch as there is a great variation in the onset of poliomyelitis, at a time when the disease is prevalent, children showing any evidence of a departure from normal health should be carefully watched and isolated. It is urgent that prompt medical attention should be given in all cases.

The abortive or very mild types of the disease which recover in a few days without any paralysis, and the carriers who harbor the virus of the disease in the nose and throat but do not develop the disease, are now known to be most important factors in the spread of infection and render the control of the disease an extremely difficult problem.

In patients suffering from the disease, careful attention should be given to the prompt disinfection of all nose, throat and bowel discharges,

SETS FORTH CANADA'S MINERAL RESOURCES

WINNIPEG, Sept. 19.—While the world is recording a decrease in the production of gold, Canada is gradually showing an increase and is rapidly reaching second place as a source of supply; it is stated in a new publication covering mines and mineral resources of the Dominion of Canada, now being issued by C. Price-Green, P.R.G.S., commissioner, department of natural resources for the Canadian National Railways.

The booklet, which is now available for distribution, deals extensively with the mineral resources of the Dominion, both metallic and non-metallic, and points out that: "The value of our mineral production has risen from less than 23 million dollars to over 241 million dollars in 1926; our waterpower development, the potent force behind our mining, pulp and paper and general industrial development, has risen from a few thousand horse power to 4,556,000 horse power; the export of pulp and paper, from practically nothing to 173 million dollars; and our foreign trade from 221 million dollars to over 2000 million dollars, representing the largest per capita export in the world. Many other examples could be given, but these alone explain why Canada's progress is inspiring so much confidence in investors at home and abroad."

Dealing with the pre-Cambrian Shield, which stretches from Labrador almost to the basin of the Mackenzie, the introduction to the booklet states "The major portion of this country is unsurveyed and unprospected; still sufficient is now known of its geological structure to provide evidence of its latent wealth. The copper-gold deposits of north-western Quebec; the nickel-copper mines of Sudbury; the silver of Cobalt, South Lorraine, Miller Lake and Gowganda; the gold of Porcupine, Kirkland Lake and areas contiguous in the provinces of Manitoba and Quebec; the iron, gold, silver and other ores of Thunder Bay and Rainy River mining districts; copper, gold and various other minerals in the Pas district of Manitoba, all give some idea of what the future holds in store for Canada, within the folds of this great region—the greatest single exposure of pre-Cambrian rock in the world—greater than all others combined. In view of what is said in the foregoing as to the nature of the Archean Shield, it is, indeed, probable that phenomenal discoveries will continue to be made from time to time. It must be borne in mind that at present only a minimum of work has been done by men who have, more or less, rapidly covered the country contiguous to its waters."

Yesterday, the Rev. W. H. and Mrs. Muncester, formerly of Blairmore, now of Calgary, celebrated their golden wedding. Owing to the infantile paralysis epidemic, their son, Mr. Eric Muncester, was unable to attend.

Five carloads of silk being shipped east from Vancouver, rolled into the Fraser river when a train wreck occurred. The five cars carried silk worth \$1,500,000.

News of the big Tunney-Dempsey fight should be reaching Blairmore around eight o'clock tonight.

and to articles soiled therewith.

When the disease is prevalent all children known to be ill and not receiving medical attention should be reported to the local Board of Health.

The quarantine period in poliomyelitis is three weeks from the onset of the infection. Exposed children of the household and adults of the household whose vocation brings them into contact with other children, or who are food handlers, should be quarantined for fourteen days from last exposure to a recognized case.

[The above is reproduced from literature supplied by the Metropolitan Life Assurance Company and distributed through the agency of the Red Cross.]

MAIL ORDER SYSTEM THAT IS A NUISANCE

The High River Times refers to the latest plan of working a mail order game as follows:

Newspapers in other communities are now giving publicity to the salesmanship pest that has annoyed people in Swift Current for some time. Reference is made to the practice of sending articles through the mails, unsorted, with an accompanying letter either to return the goods or remit the amount of invoice attached. Ties, silk stockings, and cosmetics are the most common. Mostly the goods are cheap and shoddy, a disguise for the reasonable price asked.

The public is advised that it is unnecessary to pay attention to the letters asking for return of the goods. A person is within legal right to inform the sender that he must call and get them.

The practice is annoying, however, and there seems to be a desire to offer some sort of retaliation. The post office department is helpless in the matter, as it can only act if the unsorted goods are sent C.O.D.

A farm paper, according to Printer's Ink, has found a way to make it possible for the public to get a considerable distance in ending this nuisance. The power is in the public's hands. When unsorted goods are received the long-suffering citizen should acknowledge receipt. In the same letter he should specifically state that they are placed in storage awaiting the call of the owner and then should quote his storage rates—rates which he, of course, is free to fix of his own accord. After making this statement he should plainly indicate that when goods have been held for a certain length of time they will be sold to cover storage. There is no doubt that the general adoption of this plan will quickly end the career of this widely practised form of "pest salesmanship."

A PUBLIC WARNING

A communication has been received by the local branch of the Canadian Legion with reference to a so-called "Veteran's Jubilee Bouquet Committee," operating out of Toronto.

It appears that a silk emblem is forwarded containing the crest of each province, and it is expected that at least \$500 will be forwarded in payment. This committee is a private money-making concern using the name of disabled veterans to obtain sympathy and extend the sales.

At a recent meeting of the Canadian Legion a resolution was passed resenting such methods being used in depriving the disabled veterans of a livelihood, and in order to protect their more unfortunate comrades, request the public to note that all products of the disabled soldiers bear the word "Vetcraft," these goods being manufactured in the Red Cross workshops for the sole purpose of assisting those maimed in the Great War.—Fernal Press.

WOULD SUBMIT TO ELECTROCUTION TO END CONTROVERSY

Copenhagen, Denmark.—A young Danish author, Thorold Barford, offered to submit himself to electrocution in the same way and with the same current used in the electrocution of Sacco and Vanzetti. He desires to prove that electrocution does not kill. The offer was published in the newspaper Politiken. It resulted from a controversy now raging in Denmark over the declaration of Dr. Claudius, Danish scientist, that electrocution does not end life, but that death is caused by the physicians after the electrocuted man is taken from the chair.

Barford made his offer on two conditions: That a physician be present to revive him from the electric shock and that newspapersmen be present to assure fair play.

Fernie golfers visited Blairmore on Saturday and Sunday last and were treated to good weather and a good all-round time.

BLAIRMORE UNITED CHURCH

Rev. J. W. Smith, Pastor

Serve the Church that the Church may serve you.

Services for Sunday, September 25th, the Pastor in charge.

MORNING SCHOOL at 11 o'clock. The subject for the senior classes is "The Romance of Missions."

AFTERNOON SCHOOL at 2. After the lesson is taught, another little word from "Old China" will be given by Mr. Smith.

EVENING WORSHIP at 7.30. The service of praise will be led by the Senior Choir. The message for the evening will be Henry Van Dyke's "The Mansions." Miss Theresa M. Siegel, of Calgary, will render, this

matchless literary gem in such a way that its great religious appeal will be brought home to every one present. In harmony with this message, Mrs. Banan will sing "One Sweetly Solenn Thought." We are expecting the church to be filled to capacity and would suggest that you come early. This will help the ushers to place extra chairs, should they be necessary, before the service commences.

The visit of Miss Siegel to Blairmore is an event towards which we are looking with much interest. On Monday evening she will give a selection of Dramatic and Humorous recitals. Be sure to come, and bring your friends. The following is the programme for the evening:

Chairman's address, Rev. J. W. Smith.

Pianoforte solo by Miss Alice Hornquist.

1. "Watch the Corners," Anon.

2. "Aunt Eliza on Automobiles," Smith.

3. "Western Logic," Brown.

4. "Husbands for Sale," Werner.

Solo by Mrs. J. A. Kerr.

Solo by Mr. R. W. H. Pinkney.

5. "Black Thunder," a story of an outlaw horse, Wilson.

6. "Miss Amelia's Colored Lochinvar," Werner.

Violin solo by Mr. Eric Hornquist.

Solo by Miss Enid B. Cole, of Bellevue.

7. "Danny," story of a little Irish lad, Daly.

8. "Ninety and Nine," Dunbar.

9. "Naming the Family," Anon.

Solo by Mr. J. R. Gresham.

10. "The Woman Who Was Forgotten," Anon.

11. "At the Photographers," Noble.

"God Save The King."

Church Night on Wednesdays at 7.30 p.m.—Last night Mr. Smith began a series of studies on the Lord's Prayer. The subject was the challenge of Christ to faith. This was an introductory study and will be followed by more detailed studies each Wednesday night. The next study being "The Abode of the Father."

The lecture and social held on Monday evening, while only fairly well attended, was enjoyed by all present. Mr. Smith's lecture and pictures on Dr. Grenfell and his work on the Labrador coast was very instructive and greatly enjoyed. The auction sale of the fruits and vegetables, which were donated for the Harvest Home, was held at the close of the lecture, the auctioneer being Mr. R. Dicken, who with his ever-ready witicism kept the bidders in good humor and the sale netted upwards of \$20.00. The ladies supplied refreshments, thus bringing to a close a most enjoyable evening.

At the morning and afternoon Sunday schools on Sunday next, promotion services will be held. The classes have now been graded and scholars will be introduced into their new classes and groups.

The ladies of the church wish to thank all those who helped in any way to make the tea at Mrs. Greig's residence such a success. They appreciated very much the loan of the various cars for transportation and especially Mr. and Mrs. Greig for the use of their residence for this occasion.

Teachers and those interested are again reminded of the special courses of study, which will commence on Friday, tomorrow evening, at 8 o'clock.

DOUKHOBORS TO ASK INCOME TAX RELIEF

REGINA, Sept. 17.—When the ex-doukhor court sits here today it will hear the claim of the Doukhor community of Vergin to be relieved of a levy of \$43,356 by the minister of customs and excise in respect to income tax.

The Doukhor claim they are entitled to set off against income the wages of their members, and that being the case, there is no income left which is taxable. The crown claims that the tax is fixed upon returns made by the community and that wages are not collectable by members, except in the case of severance from the community. The

18-19.

IN MEMORIAM

IN LOVING MEMORY

of

FRANCIS LOTE,

Killed at Hillcrest September 19, 1926

"Deep in our hearts there's a picture Of a loved one gone to rest. In memory's frame we shall keep it, Because he was one of the best. Our lips cannot speak how we loved him."

Our hearts cannot tell what to say, God only knows how we miss him, As we journey along on life's way."

—Inserted by Mrs. F. Lote and Family.

claim is in respect of the years 1917-

for Economical Transportation

CHEVROLET

Asks No Quarter

CHEVROLET takes conditions as they come . . . and overcomes them. Rough roads leave Chevrolet unconquered. Even where no road existed, Chevrolet has still provided transportation. Chevrolet Fisher bodies are strong as they are beautiful; and the Chevrolet engine is as rugged as it is smoothly powerful. Chevrolet is built to endure.

The quality which gives Chevrolet such staunch dependability is the same quality which gives Chevrolet the lowest up-keep and maintenance costs in the world. And this—the most amazing quality in Chevrolet History—is now available at new, lower prices, the lowest for which Chevrolet has ever been sold in Canada. Let your Chevrolet dealer demonstrate Chevrolet performance.

Amazing Quality in Chevrolet History

NEW LOW PRICES

Touring	645	Sedan	850
Roadster	645	Landau Sedan	915
Sport Roadster	720	Imperial Landau Sedan	955
Coupe	765	1-Ton Truck Chassis	615
Chevrolet	875	Roadster Delivery	645
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Prices at Factory, Oshawa, Ontario—Government Tax Extra

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PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS OF CANADA, LIMITED

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Secure your supply now from The Enterprise. We have a full stock in the following containers: Pints, Quarts, Gallons, Five Gallons, Ten Gallons.

"RELIANCE"

IS THE BEST SCHOOL INK MADE

We also carry large stocks of EXAMINATION CAP - NEWSPRINT

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See Our Stores for SPECIAL PRICES on all Government Inspected Products

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Imported direct from the Orient
in metal lined chests. Blended
and packed into 1 lb., ½ lb., ¼ lb.
bright Aluminum packages.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good.

Fight the Fire Fiend

The week commencing October 9 has, by proclamation published in the Official Gazette at Ottawa, been declared Fire Prevention Week throughout Canada. The object is, of course, to focus public attention upon the enormous losses, both of life and property, resulting from fire with a view to the adoption of more effective safeguards against fire, and to educate all people, and especially children, against habits of carelessness in the handling of matches, gasoline and other combustible, and in the disregard of common-sense methods in the matter of extinguishing camp fires, and such simple matters as throwing away the still lighted sticks of cigars and cigarettes.

At first glance it would seem to be quite unnecessary for the national government to officially set aside one week out of every fifty-two for the purpose of teaching a presumably intelligent, educated and business-like people to safeguard their own lives, homes and property from destruction. Unfortunately, Canada's fire record proves conclusively that it is only too necessary to keep up a persistent campaign to awaken the people from their carelessness and indifference in this very vital matter.

Canada, which is so progressive in many ways, and has taken the leadership in numerous worthwhile movements, and can claim the honor of achievements, occupies a low place among the nations of the world when statistics of fire losses are studied. Few countries, if indeed any one, annually record the appalling fire losses which take place in Canada. This Dominion's fire loss per head of population is about the highest in the world, and the passing years do not reveal much improvement.

Canada has already sustained the loss not merely of millions but actually billions of dollars worth of forest wealth, some of which is gone forever, and where long periods of time will be required to make good the loss in other districts. And these forests are one of Canada's greatest assets, one of the principal factors today, and for the future, in building up the Dominion's greatest industrial enterprises and providing a very large percentage of the Dominion's export trade.

The fire fiend takes a yearly, monthly, almost daily toll of human life, as well as leaving behind it a trail of lifelong suffering and economic loss in blinded and crippled humanity.

Because of the high ratio of fire losses, the people of Canada have to pay abnormally high rates for fire insurance. The insurance companies are not to blame for demanding high premiums. They must protect themselves and their policy holders, and just so long as fires in Canada remain so numerous and costly, so long will the cost of insurance against fire remain a heavy drain upon the business of the Dominion.

Then, too, there is the further heavy burden imposed upon all urban communities in the maintenance of elaborate and expensive fire-fighting equipment, and large expenditures to augment water supplies for fire-fighting purposes greatly in excess of the daily domestic requirements of cities and towns.

All these forms of protection are necessary, and must be paid for in our tax bills. But because of the frequency of fire largely the result of carelessness and neglect of the most ordinary precautions on the part of many people, these services have to be maintained on a much more extensive and expensive scale than would otherwise be necessary.

Fire Prevention Week should, therefore, be observed all over the country. Since attention should be paid to the subject in a thorough examination of his premises and make a close check-up of conditions in and around all buildings. Rubbish should be cleared away, unprotected stove pipes, electric wires, gasoline and oil supplies attended to, and every member of the family cautioned to exercise the greatest care in handling of matches and all combustible materials, lighted lamps, and in the making and extinguishing of fires. Finally, all property should be adequately insured notwithstanding all precautions that may be taken.

Attention to these important matters now may save much loss and suffering in the future.

Giant Dirigible Damaged

Expansion Of Gas Through Weather Conditions Caused Puncture

A peculiar accident to the giant dirigible Los Angeles occurred while the huge airship was moored at her mast in Lakehurst, N.J. The temperature rose suddenly, causing the helium gas in her containers to expand rapidly, and the wind shifted 180 degrees in a few seconds. The result was that the ship threw her stern high into the air, almost at an angle of ninety degrees, and whirled around with the addition of a spin in the wind. The temperature went back to normal rapidly, so that the gas as-

sumed its normal volume and the tail of the ship dropped down. Meanwhile, however, loss occurred in the ship was thrown about, causing some damage.

French Use Bicycles

Report Shows They Out-Number Automobiles Ten-To-One

The number of bicycles in use in France in 1927 amounted to 7,112,999, an increase of 5 per cent. over 1925, according to Trade Commissioner Louis Hall, Paris, in a report to the Detroit office of the Department of Commerce.

About half a million bicycles are now used in Greater Paris, the Department of the Seine having 476,665 registered, or two to every eight inhabitants. In the highly industrial departments of Northern France, a total of 856,000 bicycles are in use, or one to every five inhabitants. There are 10 times as many bicycles in France as automobiles.

Reconstructing Ruins in Palestine

Interesting Places Being Restored in Holy Land

There is no country where the excavator is so busy as in Palestine. The traveler to the Holy Land will find in the near future to be able to go to the site of ancient Capernaum, on the northern shores of the Sea of Galilee, and there stand within the very walls of the synagogue in which Christ preached to the people nearly two thousand years ago. At the present time archaeologists and others are busily engaged in reconstructing from the ruins the place of worship which the equinox of the Gospel built for the Jews, the very one in which our Saviour taught.

Will Plead Law Cases In European Courts

American Woman Attorney Going To Paris, Athens and London

An American woman attorney will try cases in Paris, Athens and London, while on a "vacation." She is Miss Grace H. Brown of Detroit, who plans to sail to Europe soon to carry out her legal plans. In Paris Miss Brown will represent an Armenian claiming \$500,000 from the Turkish Government for land he alleges was confiscated. She has been retained in an immigration case in Athens and an involved estate will claim her attention in the London courts. Miss Brown has received introductory letters to the foreign courts from Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg.

Toes Kept Free From Sore Corns

When you notice any sign of callous on the feet or toes—that's the time to paint on a few drops of Putnam's Corn Extract. Do this, and you prevent corns. No matter if the corn is hard or soft. Let it be on top or between the toes. Putnam's will remove it without pain. Insist on "Putnam's" Corn Extract. It does the work—and roots out the corn.

Self-Sustaining Air Services

Probably the only two self-sustaining air transport routes operated during 1926 in the Empire were in Canada—those from Halleybury to the North, and from St. John's to the Red Lake mining fields. There are on an absolutely commercial basis and have had no Government subsidies.

A PERFECT MEDICINE FOR LITTLE ONES

Baby's Own Tablets Should Be In Every Home Where There Are Children

The perfect medicine for little ones is found in Baby's Own Tablets. They are gentle but thoroughly laxative which regulate the bowels, sweeten the stomach, drive out constipation and indigestion, break up colds and simple fevers and promote healthful refreshing sleep. It is impossible for Baby's Own Tablets to harm even the newest-born babe as they are absolutely guaranteed free from opiates or any other injurious drug.

Concerning the Tablets, Mrs. Alex. J. Perry, Atlantic, N.S., writes: "I always keep Baby's Own Tablets in the house for the children, as I have found them a perfect medicine for little ones." Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Japan Needs Post Offices

Government is Considering Plans For Increase in Number

More post offices are needed in Japan. For each 6,700 persons in the country there is only one post office. England and Germany have one to 2,000 persons. The Communications Department is considering plans for the increase in the number of offices and an appropriation is to be included in next year's budget for the opening of 8,000 more post offices over a period extending ten years. At the end of ten years each village throughout Japan will have a post office all to itself.

COLDS COST MONEY

FORTIFY YOURSELF AGAINST THEM

It is estimated that a sufferer from colds loses three days' time from work in a year. At work in the "movie" or at any other occupation, if your neighbor has a cold and sneezes or coughs, the air is full of germs and if you are not in good condition, you may become ill. The only protection you can have is to build resistance against disease forces. Take that splendid herbal tonic,

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

It increases the appetite, stimulates the digestion, helps to enrich the blood and to improve the health generally. Procure it from your druggist, in either liquid or tablet form. Write Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Home, Buffalo, N. Y., if you desire free medical advice.

Every 10c Packet of
WILSON'S FLY PADS
WILL KILL MOSQUITOES, FLIES, STICKY FLY CATCHER.

Clean to handle. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and General Stores

Coal Not Merely a Fuel

German Scientists Discover Many Valuable By-Products
European scientists appreciate that "coal is not merely a fuel but contains raw products to make things out of," declared Dr. Thomas S. Baker, president of Carnegie Institute of Technology, upon his return from a trip abroad.

Coal's potentialities are particularly appreciated in Germany, according to Dr. Baker, where "there has been a most striking development in synthetic fertilizers in connection with coal—the outgrowth of the fixed nitrogen process developed during the war. It is a matter of very great economic force to the country and farm productivity has been materially increased."

"A great deal of the enormous success that the German chemical trust is having centers around the chemistry of coal," Dr. Baker said.

"While Germany has lost its monopoly of dyes, it is developing other processes that are of great importance to modern industry. This trust is said to be producing synthetic gasoline on a commercial basis."

Canada Favored For League Seat

London Paper Says Dominion Well Qualified For Seat On Council

The London Observer, commenting on Canada's candidacy for a seat on the League Council, says it would be hard to pick another candidate more powerfully qualified for the privilege. The paper was warm enough of Canada's capacity for international service and she has played other parts since then.

In numbers and influence taken together, continues the Observer, Canada ranks high in the list of candidates, and above all it would be invaluable for the league to have for the first time a direct representative from North America upon the council.

It Will Prevent Ulcerated Throat

At the first symptoms of sore throat, which presages ulceration and inflammation, take a spoonful of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Add a little sugar to it to make it palatable. It will allay the irritation and prevent the ulceration and swelling that are so painful. These who were periodically subject to quinsy have thus made themselves immune to attack.

Antiseptic Perfumes

Perfume and Toilet Preparations Have Distinct Antiseptic Value

More important than the agreeable sensations carried by the delicate, nasal scents to the brain and their effect on the nervous system is the hygienic value of a perfume and a toilet preparation, states the N.Y. Herald Tribune. A bulletin recently published. Nearly all perfumery flavors are aromatic substances and as such are germicidal. The use of perfume no doubt lessens the infection that threatens in crowded covered spaces even if freely cleansed by chemicals such as carbolic acid, formaldehyde or chloride of lime. Alcohol between 60 to 80 per cent strength is a strong antiseptic and increases the germicidal action of essential oils. Rose water, owing to its contents of phenyl-ethylalcohol, which can be made synthetically, is used as a sleeping potion for children and benzyl benzoate and benzyl alcohol, either synthetically, have pain-allaying properties similar to opium without its narcotic and habit-forming properties.

Punished For Cruelty

We wonder what some of our courts would say to a fine of ten dollars and costs of twenty-five more for scrapping a live carp with a curry comb. Yet this was the punishment imposed upon a man in the English Police Court. Some people think a fish is not an animal.

The oldest university in the world is that at Pavia in Italy, founded in 825 A.D. by Lothair, grandson of Charlemagne.

One day's exercise with a wood saw is worth two weeks of physical culture.

Drives away pain — Minard's Liniment.

Defies Alpine Climbers

Mount. Robson is Still Victor Over Mountaineers

Mount Robson, giant peak of the Canadian Rockies, this year has turned back every party of Alpinists who have attempted to scale it. Two recent attempts were made by members of the Seattle Mountaineers' Club, but they too met with failure.

A driving rain and low-lying clouds were encountered by the climbers on their dangerous ascent from the valley floor. At high altitude they ran into sleet and then, when the weather cleared, they were waisted deep through snow. Finally, when success seemed almost certain, they brought up against a huge icefield blocking the only possible approach to the summit.

The cliff is 100 feet high and almost perpendicular. The climbers said they would try again next year.

Bees Disturbed Church Service

Half Million Swarmed Under Roof in English Town

Bees have been known to swarm in many queer places, but one of the strangest cases was that of a swarm about half a million strong that settled beneath the roof of Tinsington Church, near Doncaster, England.

So great as the noise of their humming that it could be heard above the sound of the organ and the voices of the choir and congregation.

To remove them a bee expert had to cut away a part of the roof. He discovered a solid mass of bees six feet by four feet. Smoke bombs had to be used to overcome the swarm, and only a mask and gauntlets protected the man from the infuriated insects.

Asthma is Torture. No one who hasn't gasped for breath in the power of asthma knows what suffering thousands do know, however, from experience how immeasurable is the relief provided by that marvelous preparation, Dr. J. Kellom's Asthma Remedy. For years it has been relieving the most severe cases. If you are a sufferer do not delay a day in securing this remedy from your druggist.

Place For Garnet Wheat

New Variety is Giving a Good Account Of Itself This Year

"Garnet wheat is giving a good account of itself this year," said L. H. Newman, Dominion cerealist. "The first earl of wheat delivered on western railways lines this year was Garnet," he declared, "and I am pleased to hear that the Demonstration Farm at Raymond cut Garnet wheat estimated to run to bushels to the acre, two weeks earlier than the average cutting." Mr. Newman made it plain that, although he had carried on the closing experiments which resulted in the production of Garnet, he was not making undue claims for it. He is still very strong for Marquis as the standard wheat, but believes there is an important place for the earlier-maturing Garnet.

Some men waste a lot of valuable time explaining their actions.

Treat Colds 2 Ways
With One Treatment
RUBBED ON throat and chest, Vicks does two things at once:
(1) It is vaporized by the body heat and inhaled direct to the inflamed air passages, and
(2) It stimulates the skin like an old-fashioned poultice and "draws out" the soreness.
VICKS
VAPORUB
OVER 25 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

Was Descended From Well Known Character

Direct Descendant Of Jack Horner Dies in England

Sir John Horner, lord of the manor of Wells and direct descendant of Jack Horner, died recently in Somerset, England, at the age of 84. Jack Horner, of nursery rhyme fame, was steward of the temporalities of the great, Somerset Abbey of Glastonbury.

In the dissolution of monasteries, tradition says, the pie into which he put his thumb contained the title deeds to the manor of Wells, which was the plum that Jack pulled out and made himself owner of a large slice of monastic lands. Wells Park has been in the family nearly 500 years and the eldest son has always been named John.

Minard's Liniment eases sore feet.

A Dominion exhibition, primarily advertising Australia, but on the lines of the Empire exhibition at Wembley, London, in 1925, is to be held at Sydney, probably in 1931.

The first year's salary of an early Michigan circuit rider consisted of hay, oats, socks, mittens and cash to the extent of \$118.

It keeps in the Opened Tin
Never worry about leaving Eagle Brand in the opened tin. It keeps perfectly pure and sweet, if kept covered in a cool place.
Borden's EAGLE BRAND
CONDENSED MILK

Radio is Better with Battery Power

Ever since the inception of radio, batteries have been the accepted source of power. Pure DC current without hum or surge and correct voltage for all tubes and varying conditions are most conveniently and economically obtained today as in former years with batteries.

A, B & C BATTERIES

made by Eveready are the choice of radio users everywhere. There is an Eveready radio battery for every radio need. Your dealer recommends and sells Eveready Radio Batteries. Consult him about the correct batteries for your particular set.

CANADIAN NATIONAL CARBON CO., LTD.
Manufacturers of Eveready Batteries

Ordering and operating Radio
Saves C.R.N.C. 337 (month)
Saves on the 100,000,000
Monday and Tuesday even-
ing 10 P.M.

EVEREADY
Radio Batteries
—they last longer

RADIO IS BETTER WITH BATTERY POWER

Get Rid of HEMORRHOIDS (Piles)

Surgical operations for the relief of Piles can often be avoided by the use of Anusol Suppositories. Your best assurance of their remedial effectiveness is the fact that Anusol Suppositories have a twenty-five years record of success in the treatment of this painful condition.

Nothing "burns up" hemorrhoids in the Anusol formula. Safe for people of every age. 85¢ each in red SEALED boxes. Ask your druggist or write us for a descriptive pamphlet for \$1.25. Canadian & Foreign Agency Company, Unity Building, Montreal.

ANUSOL SUPPOSITORIES

